

NATURE-HF: NAtional TUnisian REgistry of Heart Failure



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DISCLOURE

I declare have no conflict of interest in this study.

This study was sponsored by the Tunisian Society of Cardiology and Cardiovascular Surgery

Introduction

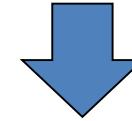
- HF is common and described as a true **pandemic** (prognostic improvement of heart diseases, aging of the population)
- HF is a serious pathology:
 - Annual mortality rate: 7 to 17%
 - 5-year-mortality rate: 50%
- Major economic impact:
 - Treatment
 - Hospitalization:
 - Early re-hospitalization at 30 days: 30%
 - 32 to 44% at 1 year



Challenge



Bias of Clinical Trials (Selected Patients)



Advantages of Clinical Registries (Real Life patients)



National Tunisian Registry of Heart Failure



2017

NATURE-HF



Tunisian Society of Cardiology and
Cardiovascular Surgery



A non-interventional, national
longitudinal study of heart failure
performed with 200 cardiologists

START DATE
October 2017

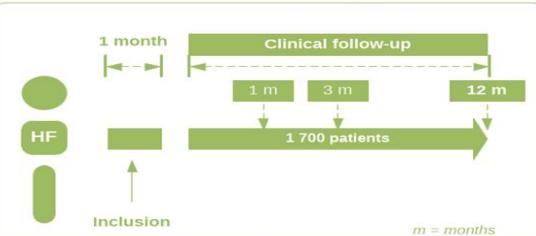
Study Summary

The NATURE-HF is a national clinical non-interventional registry of heart failure, carried out in Tunisia at cardiology departments in hospitals and in liberal cardiology consultations. 100 cardiologists participate in the enrollment of the eligible patients as investigators. A Committee of Experts validates the protocol methodology and supervises the data-management. A Steering Committee helps investigators to monitor their patient inclusions, performs audit trails and prepares the statistical analysis plan for the study.

Collected data are managed by the DACIMA Clinical Suite®, the electronic data capture platform which complies with the FDA 21 CFR part 11 requirements (Food and Drug Administration 21 Code of Federal Regulations part 11), the HIPAA specifications (Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act), and the ICH standards (International Conference on Harmonisation).

Study Outcomes

- **Composite outcome** including incidence of cardiovascular death (sudden death, death from refractory heart failure and death from stroke), incidence of non-cardiovascular death and heart failure readmission. [Time Frame: At 1, 3 and 12 months from patient enrollment]
- Incidence of heart failure readmissions [Time Frame: At 1, 3 and 12 months from patient enrollment]
- Incidence of death of all causes (cardiovascular death and non-cardiovascular death). [Time Frame: At 1, 3 and 12 months from patient enrollment]
- Incidence of cardiovascular death including sudden death, death from refractory heart failure and death from stroke. [Time Frame: At 1, 3 and 12 months from patient enrollment]



Inclusion Criteria

- Patient with chronic heart failure
- Patient with acute heart failure (new onset or not)
- The diagnosis of heart failure is at the discretion of the investigator
- Informed and signed consent

Sexes Eligible for Study: All
Ages: 20 Years and older (Adult, Senior)

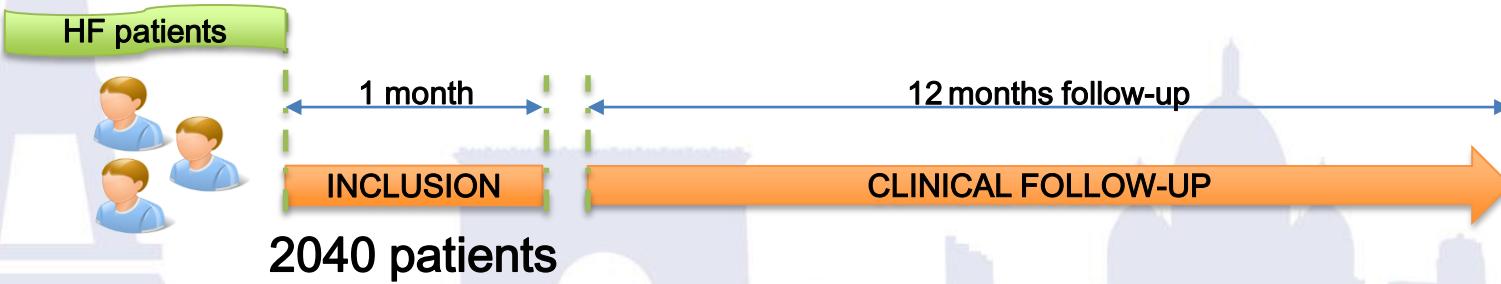
Exclusion Criteria

- Life expectancy <12 months for extra cardiac disease
- Isolated Right Heart Failure
- Pregnant woman
- Renal failure with creatinine clearance < 15 ml / min
- Hemodialysis patients
- Cardiac surgery planned within 3 months
- Congenital heart disease



Methodology

- National clinical non-interventional registry of heart failure, carried out in Tunisia at cardiology departments in hospitals and in liberal cardiology consultations.
- Longitudinal, observational, multicenter study including 2040 P suffering from acute or chronic Heart failure



October 16, 2017 to
November 17, 2017

Methodology

Inclusion Criteria

- Patient with chronic heart failure
- Patient with acute heart failure (new onset or not)
- The diagnosis of heart failure is at the discretion of the investigator
- Informed and signed consent

Non Inclusion Criteria

- Life expectancy <12 months for extra cardiac disease
- Isolated Right Heart Failure
- Pregnant woman
- Renal failure with creatinine clearance < 15 ml / min
- Hemodialysis patients
- Cardiac surgery planned within 3 months
- Congenital heart disease

Objectives

Describe the epidemiological profile of acute and chronic heart failure in Tunisia.

Primary objective: to assess the MORBI-MORTALITY of acute and chronic heart failure over one year of follow-up in Tunisia.

The morbidity and mortality of heart failure is defined by the occurrence of cardiovascular death (sudden death, ACS, refractory heart failure, stroke), death from any cause (cardiovascular and non-cardiovascular), rehospitalization for one year.

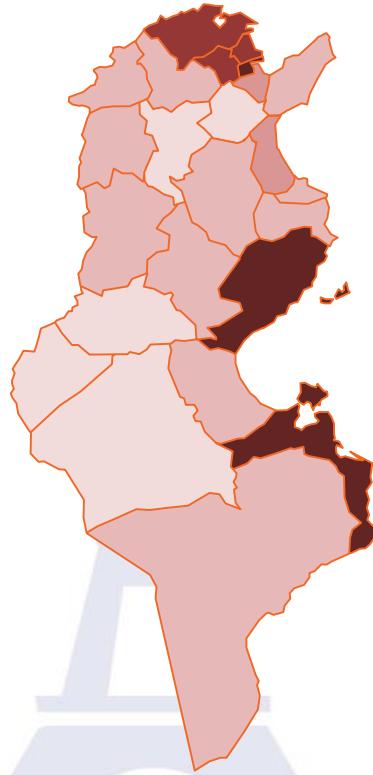
Registry Objectives

Secondary objectives:

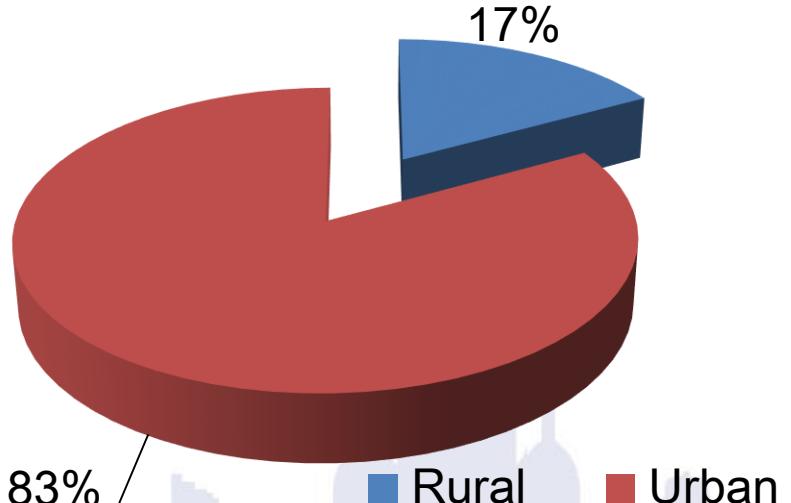
- Assess cardiovascular death incidence over one year of follow-up
- Assess the death rate of all causes on a follow-up of one year
- Describe the readmission rate for heart failure
- Identify the predictors of cardiovascular mortality
- Assess the adhesion to the European recommendations

Baseline Characteristics

N = 2040



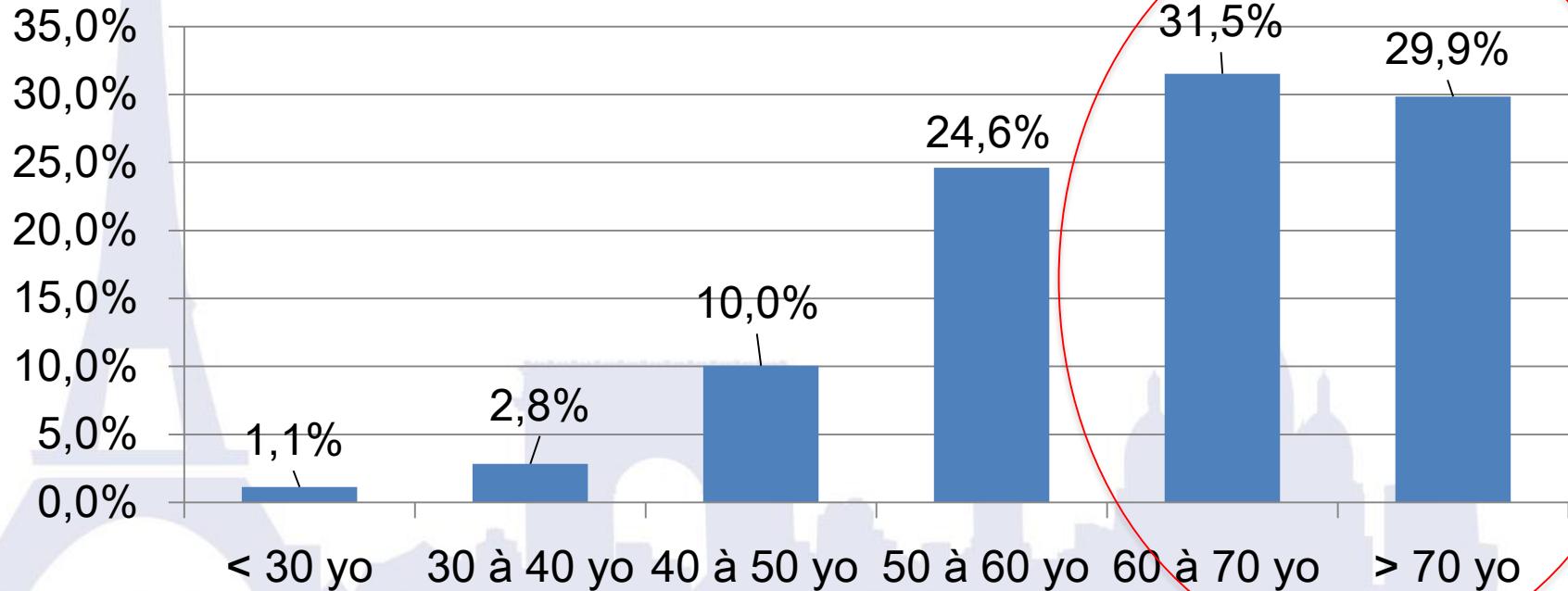
All tunisian
regions included
patients
according to
eligibility criteria



Baseline Characteristics

Population Age

Mean age: 63.6 ans \pm 12.6



Baseline Characteristics

Population demographics

N = 2040

Gender



70.9 % MEN



29.1% WOMEN

Education

38,2%

32,5%

Non educated

Primary

23,5%

Secondary

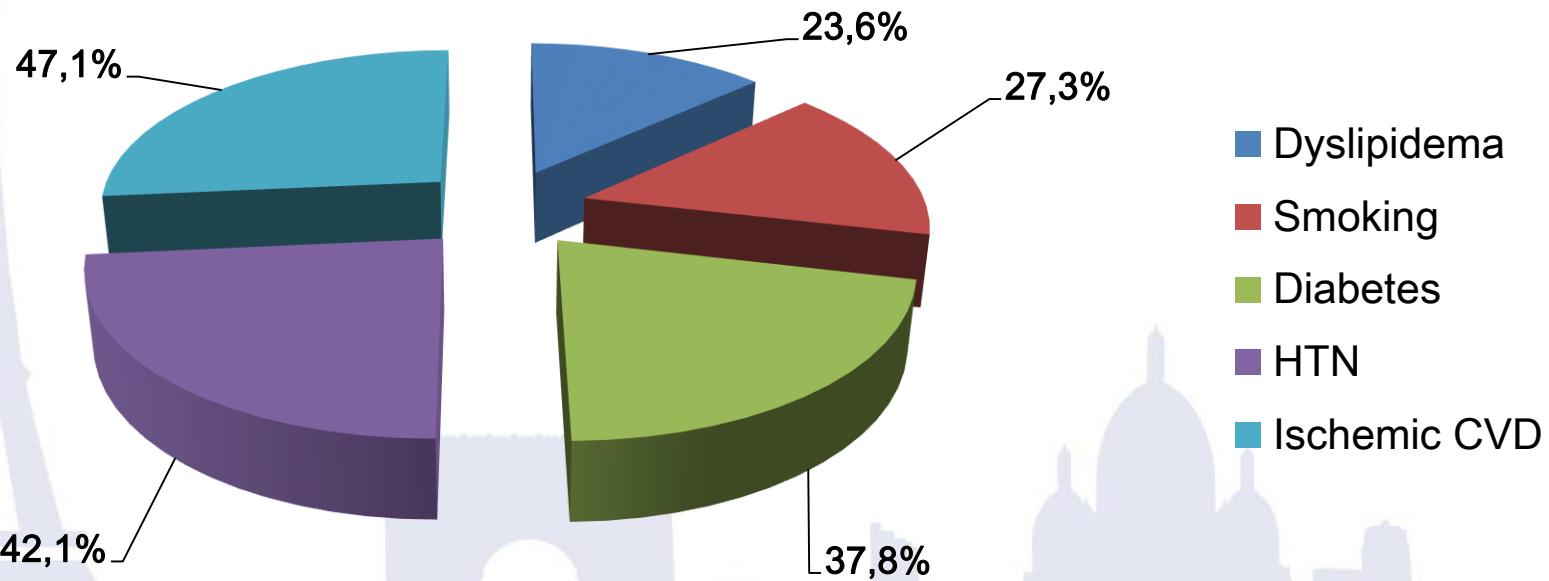
5,8%

University

Baseline Characteristics

Patient History

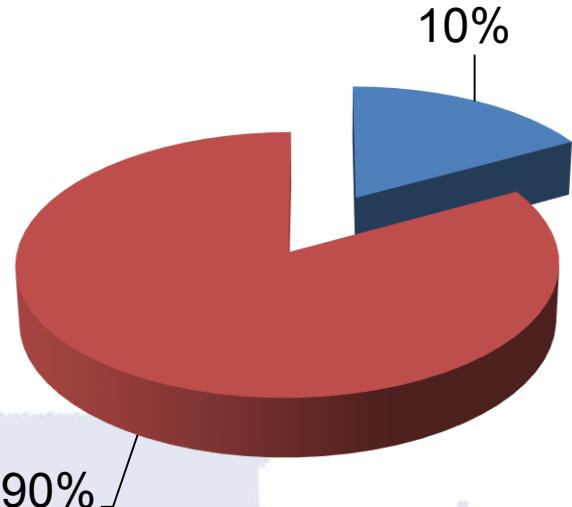
N = 2040





Baseline Characteristics

In-patients



Chronic HF: 72,7%
New onset HF: 27,3%

Baseline Characteristics

NYHA Classification

N = 2040

52,5%

14,6%

24,3%

8,6%

I

II

III

IV



Baseline Characteristics

Heart Rate at Inclusion

Mean HR: 80.1 ± 17.6

64,4%

LBB: 11,1%

30,6%

5,0%

SINUSAL

AF

Other



Baseline Characteristics

QRS time

N = 2040

76,6%



18,6%

120 à 150 ms

4,8%

> 150 ms

< 120 ms



Baseline Characteristics: left ventricular systolic function

57,7%

LVEF
(N = 2040)

Mean LVEF: 38.4 ± 10.5
FEVG $\leq 35\%$: 33,4%

35,6%

7,7%

FEVG < 40%

FEVG : 40 à 50%

FEVG > 50%

Baseline Characteristics

HF Etiologies

52,4%

N = 2040

15,5%

9,9%

1,3%

0,8%

1,3%

Ischemic CVD

DCM

Valvular
disease

HCM

Viral
mycardiopathy

Other



Baseline Characteristics

Biological Characteristics

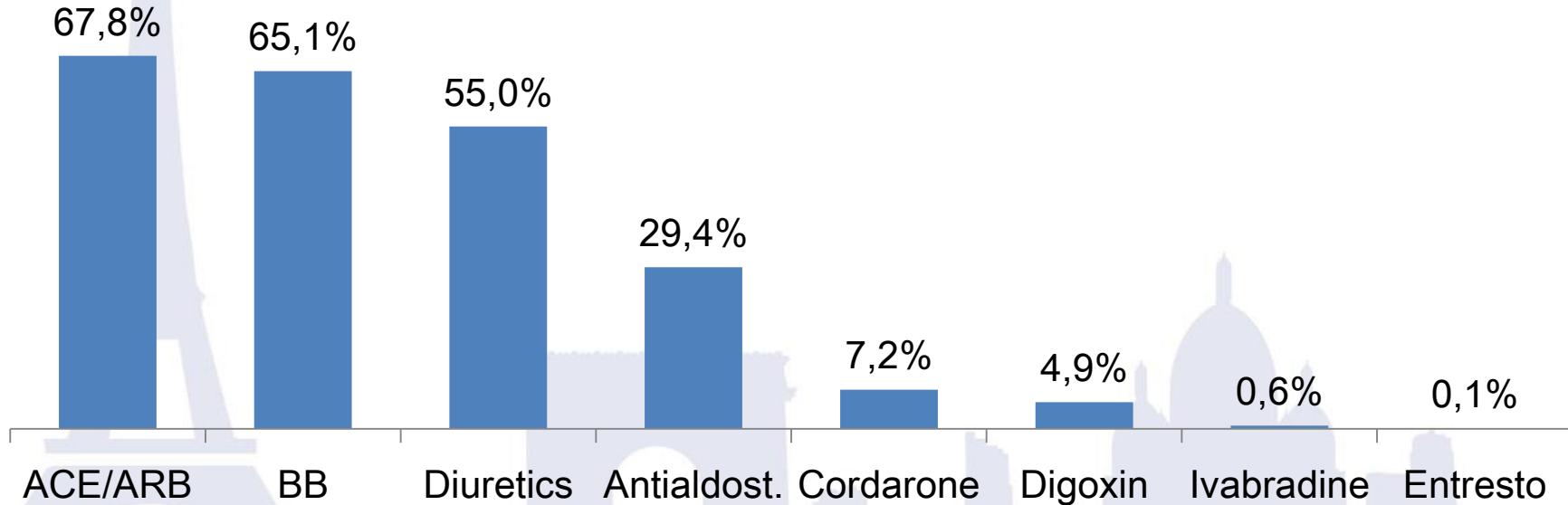
N = 2040

Endpoint	Statistics
Hb (g/dl)	12.7 ± 2.0
Anaemia	23.6%
Creatinine clearance (ml/min)	68.2 ± 26.0
> 60	87 %
30-60	11 %
15-30	2%
BNP (pg/ml)	332.9 ± 267.2
Rate of measured patients	2.7%

HF Characteristics

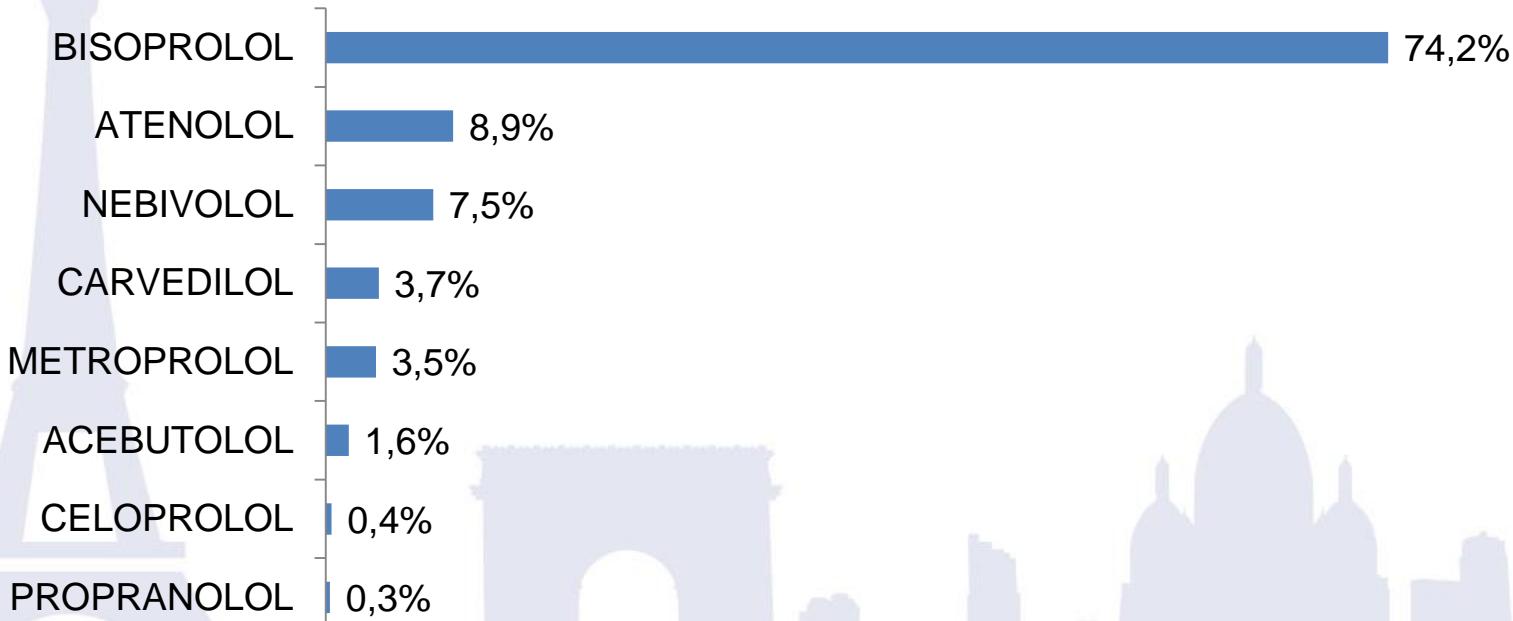
HF Treatment

N = 2040





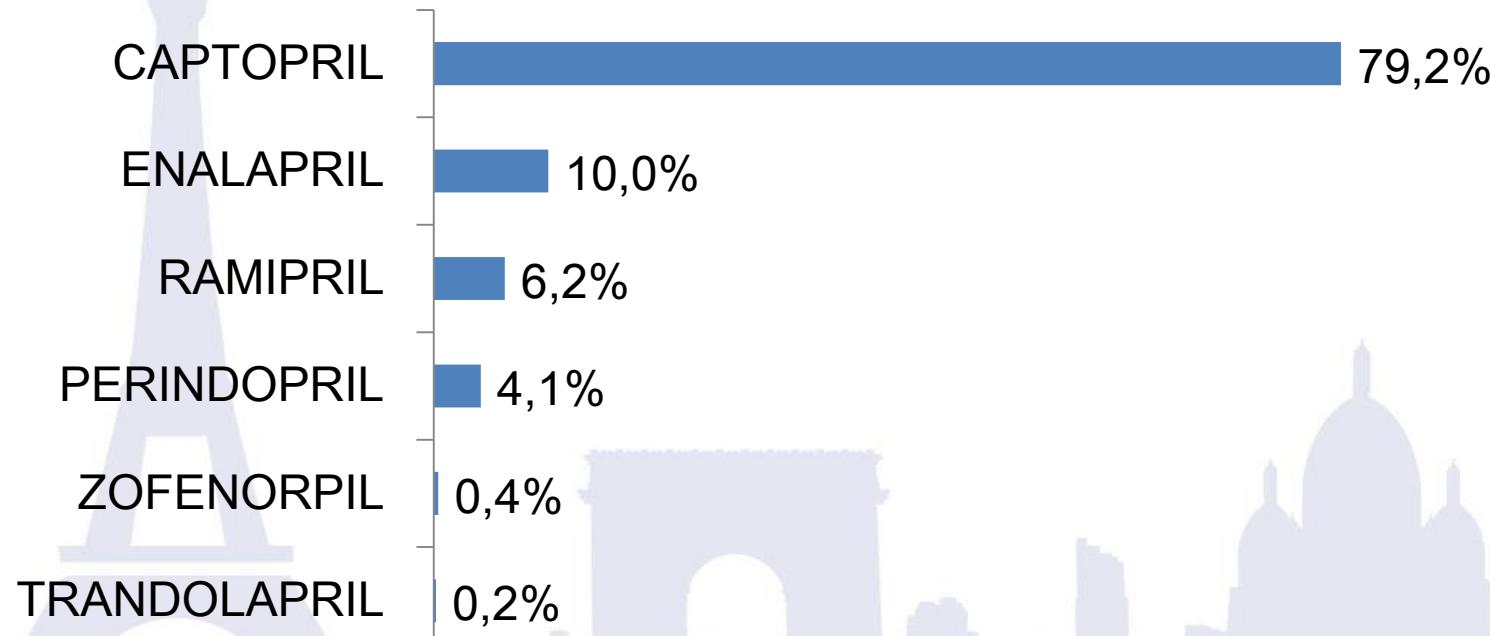
BETA BLOCKERS THERAPY





HF Characteristics

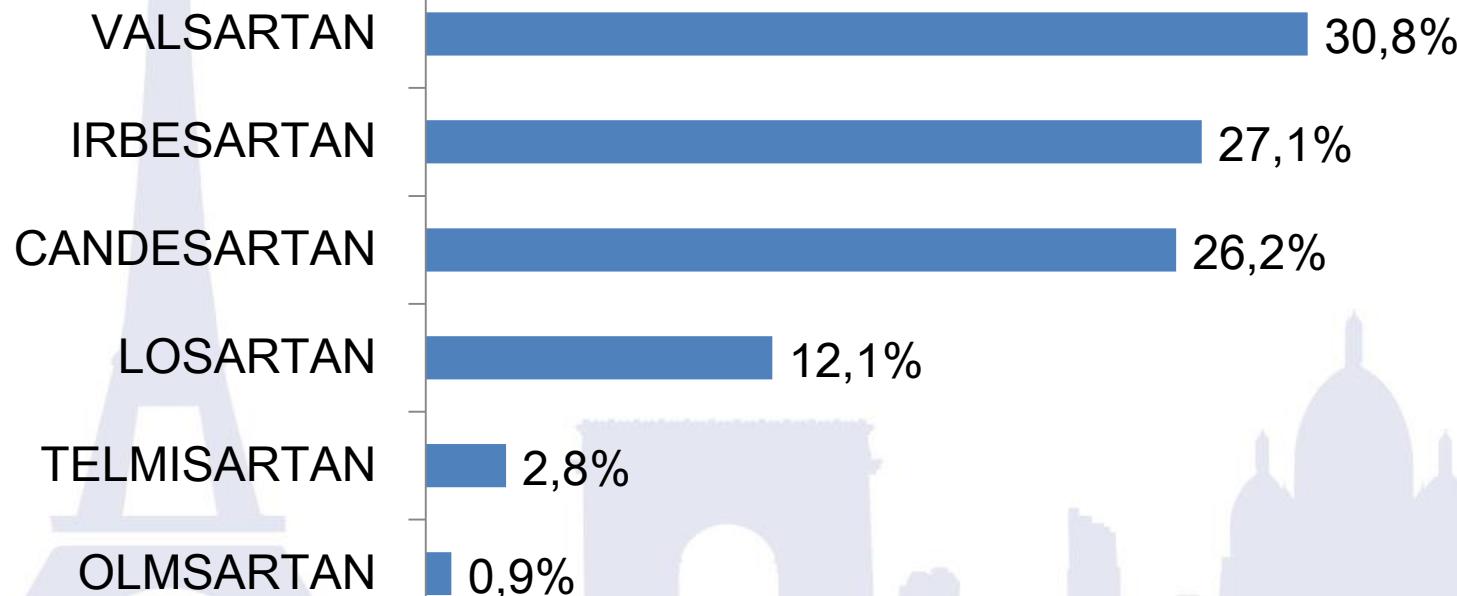
ACE THERAPY





HF Characteristics

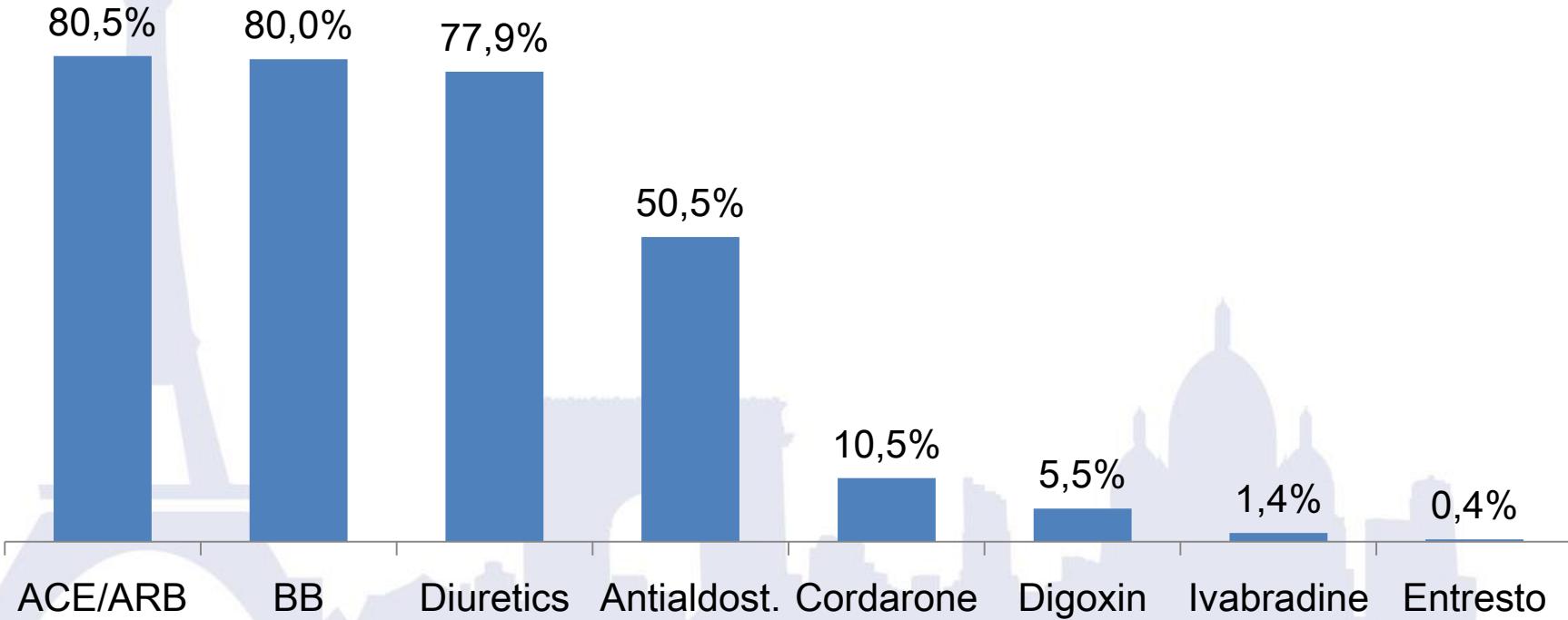
ARB THERAPY





HF Characteristics

Treatment of patients with LVEF < 40%





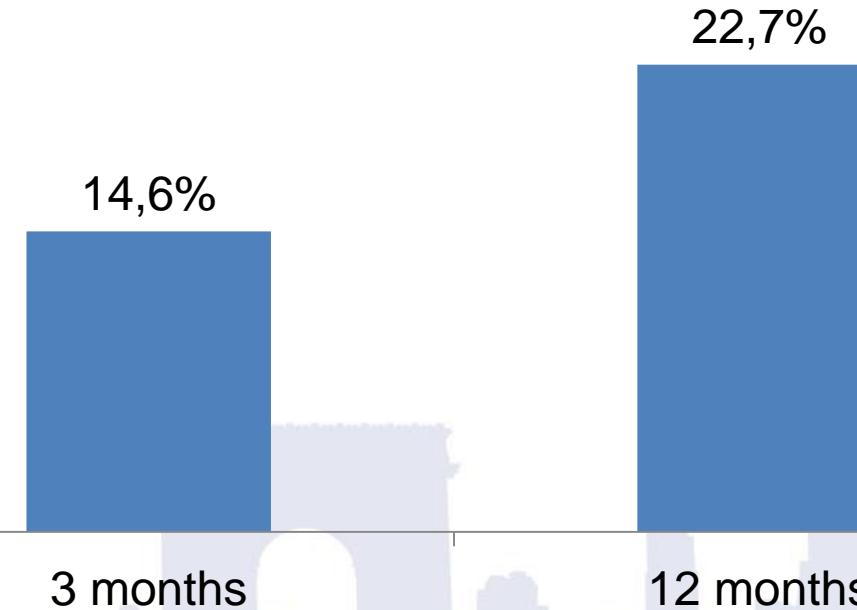
HF Characteristics

Predictive factors for therapeutic choice

	Endpoint	Yes	No	p
B-Blockers	Age (years)	63.1 ± 11.9	64.5 ± 13.8	0.014
	Gender (M)	72.8%	67.3%	0.009
	LVEF (%)	38.0 ± 9.8	40.1 ± 12.2	0.001
	Severe RV (Clear. < 30)	2.6%	2.1%	0.524
	COPD	2.8%	2.8%	0.976
ACE/ARB	Age (years)	63.3 ± 12.1	64.0 ± 13.7	0.241
	Gender (M)	71.2%	70.2%	0.659
	LVEF (%)	38.4 ± 10.0	38.6 ± 12.0	0.813
	Severe RF (Clear. < 30)	1.7%	3.9%	0.002
	COPD	3.0%	2.3%	0.316



Percentage of Patients with optimized treatment





HF Characteristics: resynchronization and defibrillator

FEVG ≤ 35%: 1/3 des P

Ischemic Heart failure: 40,6%

Endpoint	Statistics
- Patients Eligible for resynchronisation N patients with LBB, LVEF ≤ 35% and QRS ≥150 ms	32 P
CRT/P	2 P (6.3%)
CRT-D	1 P (3.1%)
IAD	1 (3.1%)
TOTAL	4 (12%)



Morbi-Mortality

3 months Follow-up

4.5%

Cumulated hospitalisation

9.9%

Global mortality

14.8%

Global Morbi-Mortality

Sudden death: 2,6 %

12 months Follow-up

7.3%

Cumulated hospitalisation

13.0%

Global mortality

24.0%

Global Morbi-Mortality

Sudden death: 3,3 %

12,0%

10,0%

8,0%

6,0%

4,0%

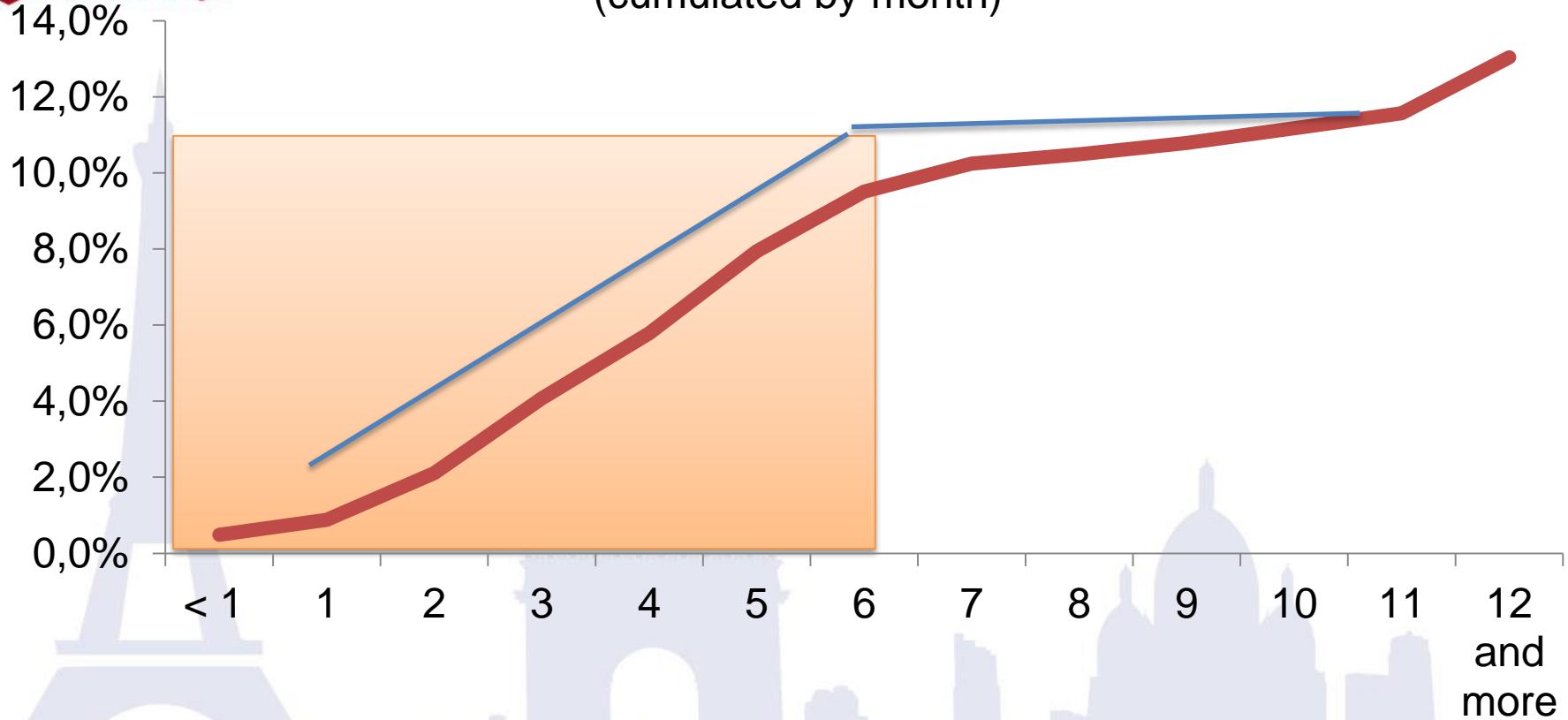
2,0%

0,0%

Global rehospitalisation by (cumulated by month)

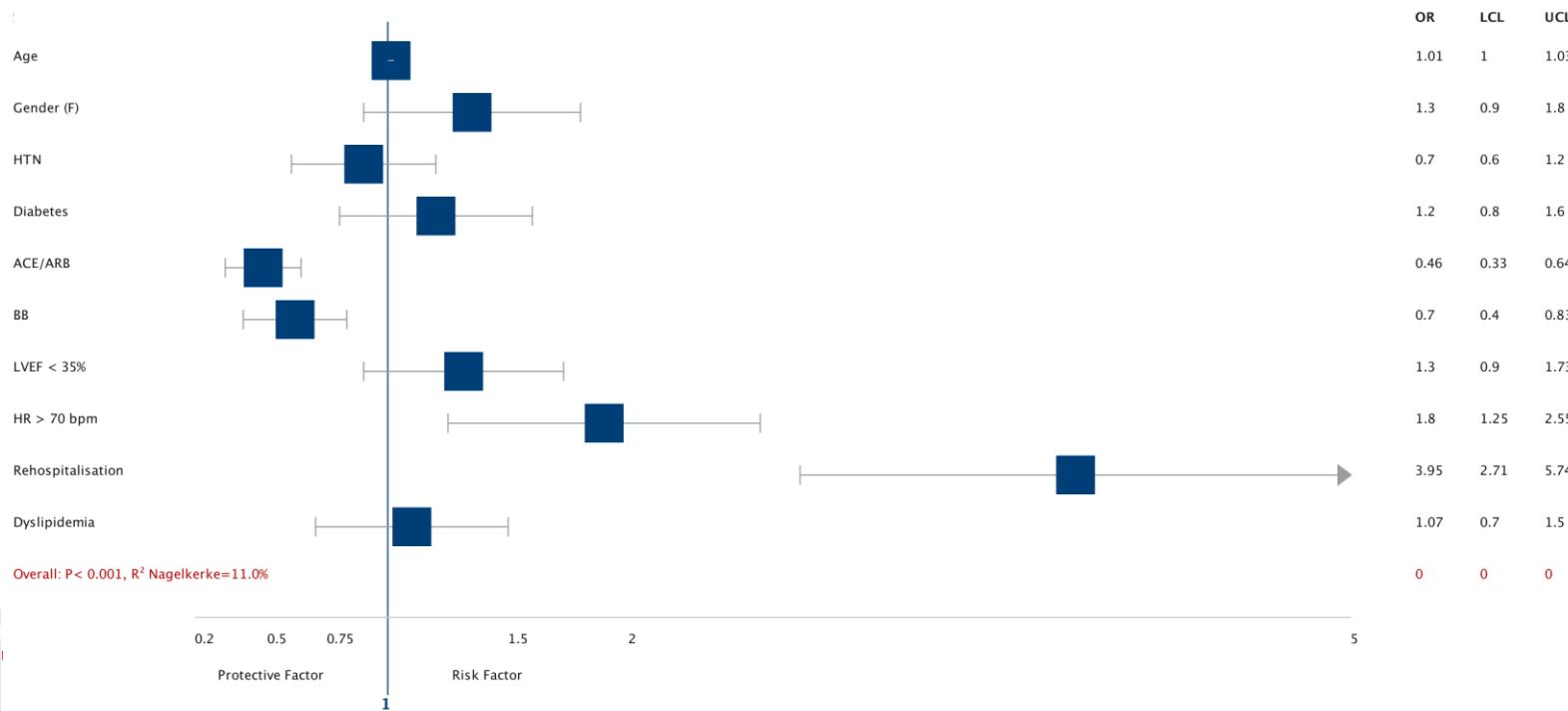


Global mortality by (cumulated by month)



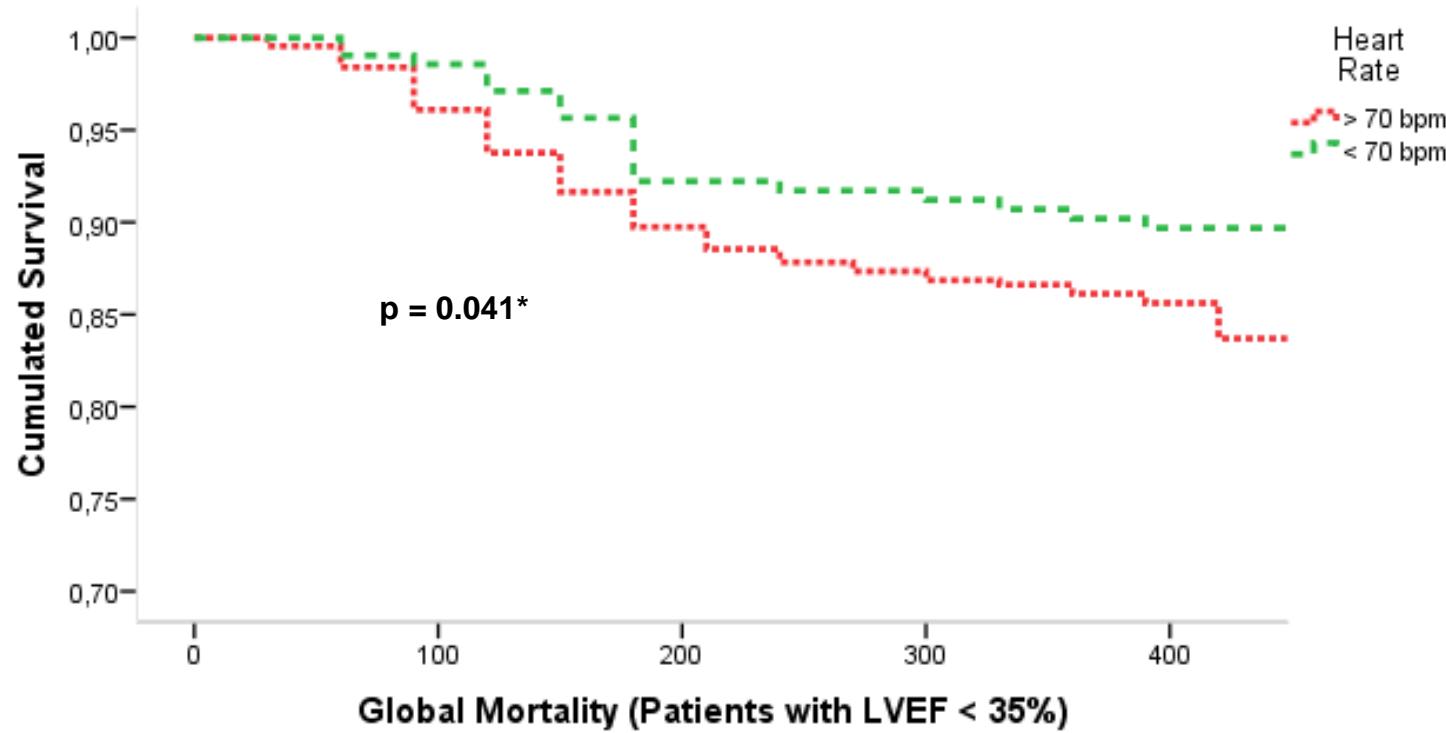
Overall Mortality modelisation

Overall Mortality (12 months of follow-up)





Survival Curve: HF, FEVG <35%



Mortality vs Treatment optimization

Population	ACE or BB at optimal dose	ACE and BB at optimal dose	ACE and BB at suboptimal dose	P
Moratlity Overall population	7.2%	13.4%	11.1%	0.133
Mortality patients within LVEF < 40%	9.8%	14.0%	0%	0.478
Sudden death	0%	1.7%	0%	0.308



12 months follow-up

Independant factors of Morbi-Mortality

Endpoint	Yes	No	p
N	489 (24.0%)	1551 (76.0%)	-
Age (years)	66.3 ± 12.6	62.7 ± 12.5	< 0.001
Gender (M)	67.6%	71.9%	0.042
Diabetes	44.4%	33.1%	< 0.001
LVEF < 40%	83.4%	80.4%	0.188
HR (bpm)	82.4 ± 19.0	79.4 ± 17.2	0.002
VT/NSVT	2.9%	1.5%	0.4997
AF/Fluter	15.5%	17.3%	0.731
QRS > 120 ms	23.7%	17.1%	0.007
Creatinine Clearance	61.9 ± 27.5	70.5 ± 25.0	< 0.001

	EHFS II (2005)	OFICA (2009)	NATURE-HF (2017)
Inclusions	3580	1830	2040
Age (mean yo)	70	77	63
Men	61%	55%	70.9%
AF		27%	30.4%
LVEF (%)		42	38
pEF (>50%)/ rEF	34% (>45%)	30% / 52%	43% / 57.7%
In-patient mortality Rehospitalization at 12 M Mortality at 12 M	6.7% 24% 13,5%	8.8%	0.25% 7% 13%
ACE/ARB	80%	78% (rEF)	80.5% (rEF)
BB	61%	53% (rEF)	80% (rEF)
Antialdost.		25% (rEF)	50% (rEF)
Etiology	Ischemic CVD /HTN	Ischemic CVD (75%)	Ischemic CVD (47%)/ HTN (42%)
Co morbidities		Diabetes (31%) Respiratory (21%) RF (CI<60): 62%	Diabetes (37%) RF (CI<50): 25% Anaemia (23.6%)



FRESH

FREFrench Survey on Heart failure

OBJECTIFS DE L'ETUDE

Objectif de l'observatoire : décrire la démographie, les caractéristiques cliniques et les pratiques concernant la prise en charge diagnostique et thérapeutique des patients admis pour insuffisance cardiaque aiguë et des patients insuffisants cardiaques chroniques ambulatoires, en France.

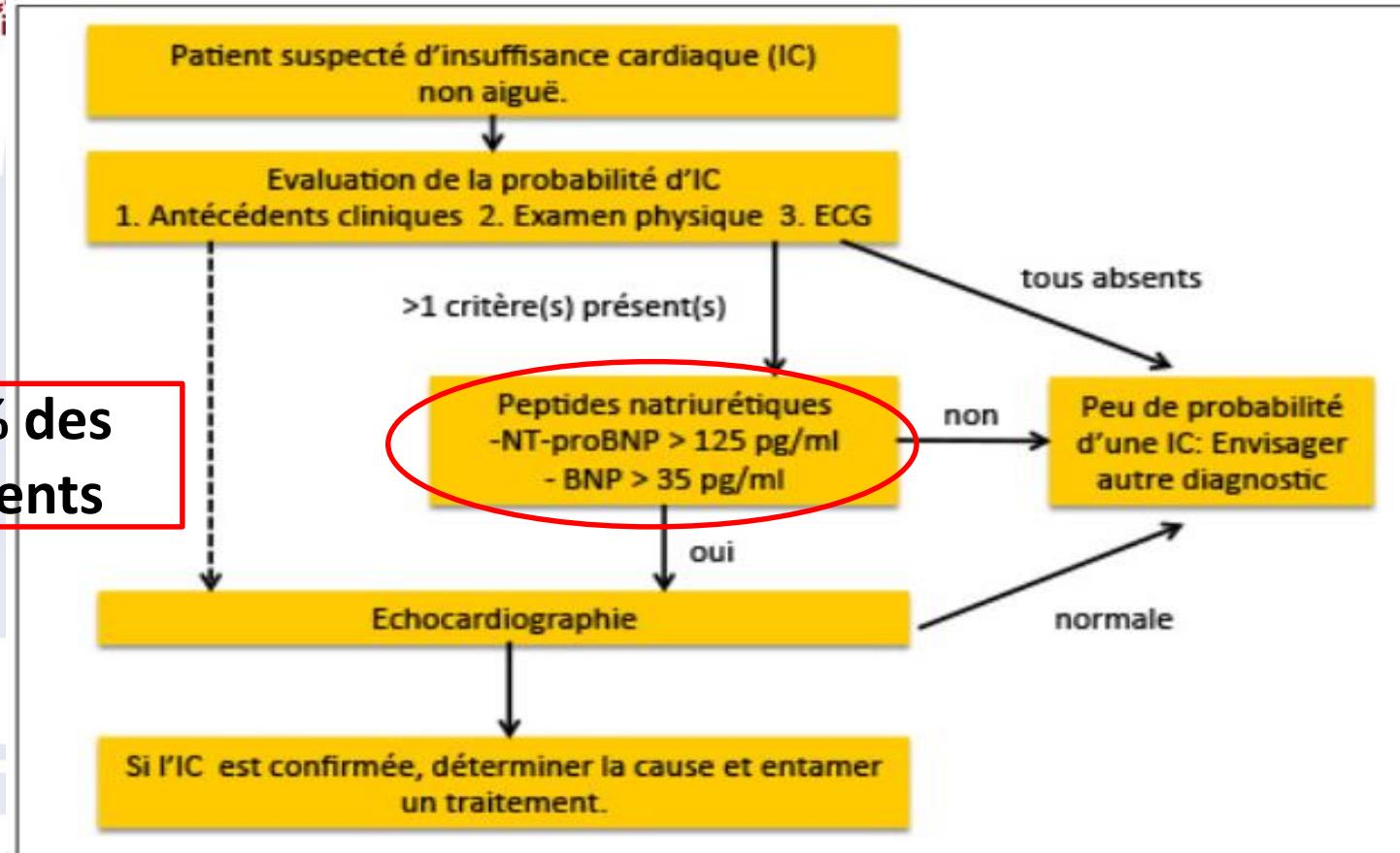
Nombre de patients attendus : 4000

Fin de la période d'inclusion : 31/12/2021

La Société Française de Cardiologie a mis en place l'étude « FRESH » le 17 février 2014.

Bilan global : Au 20 septembre 2018 : 2682 patients inclus par 32 centres actifs

2.7% des patients

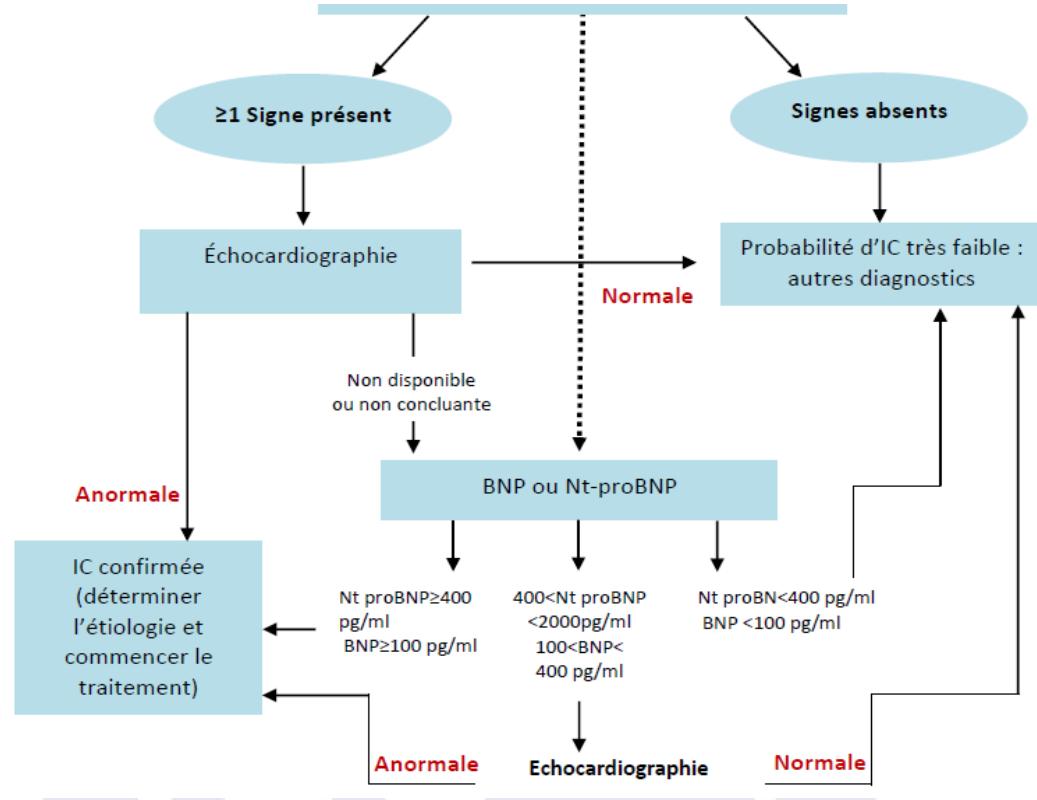


L'Instance Nationale de l'Évaluation et de l'Accréditation en Santé (INEAS)

Guide de pratique clinique

LA PRISE EN CHARGE DE L'INSUFFISANCE CARDIAQUE CHRONIQUE CHEZ L'ADULTE

Juillet 2018





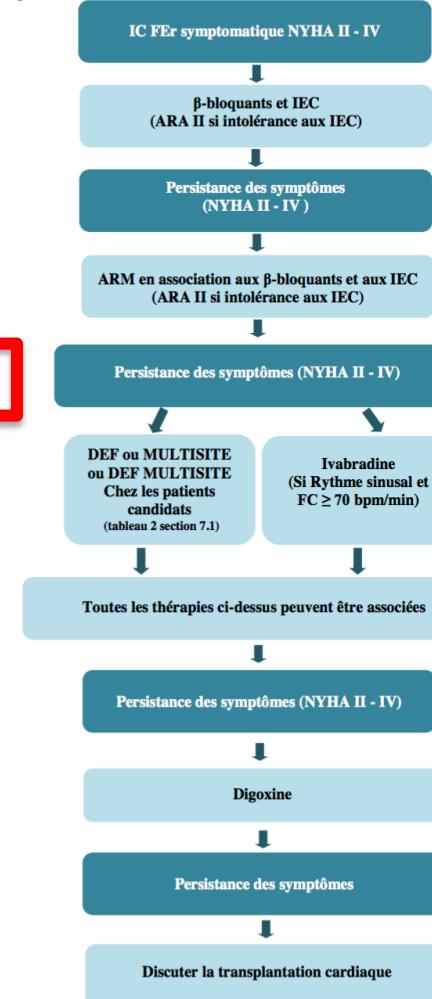
Patient with symptomatic^a HFrEF^b

Therapy with ACE-I^c and beta-blocker
(Up-titrate to maximum tolerated evidence-based doses)

Still symptomatic
and LVEF ≤35%

Yes
Add MR antagonist^{d,e}
(up-titrate to maximum tolerated evidence-based dose)

FIGURE 2 : Algorithme de traitement et conseil thérapeutique pour les insuffisants cardiaques avec FER, NYHA II - IV.

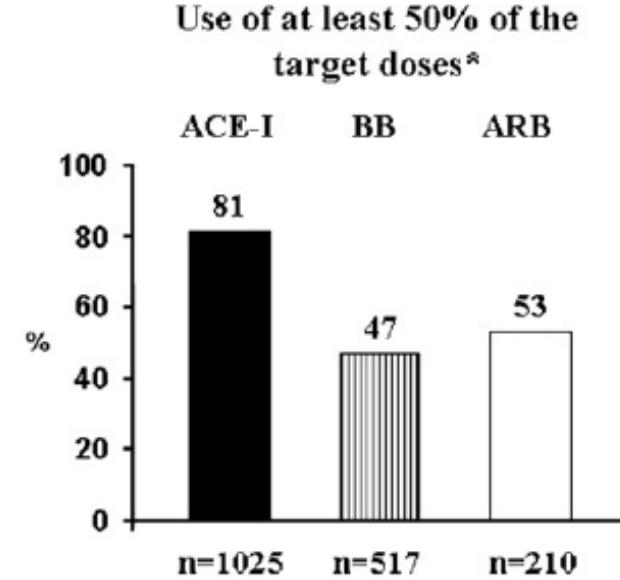
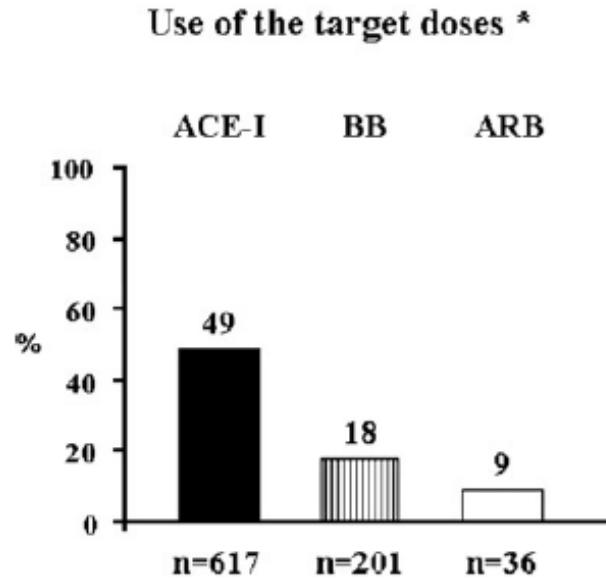


Diurétiques de l'anse
Si signes de congestion

Impact-RECO

prescriptions by private cardiologists

ACE-I / ARB 91 %
Betablockers 65 %



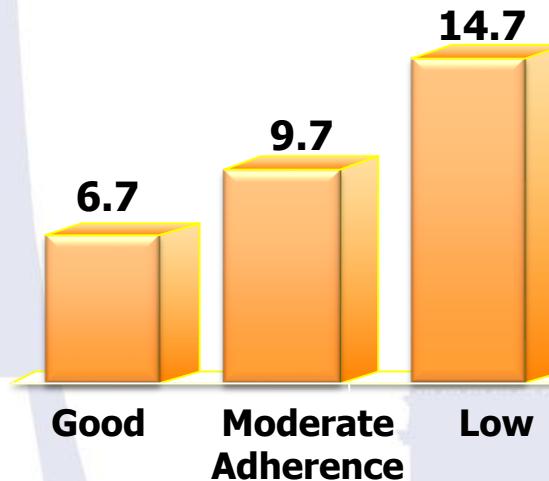
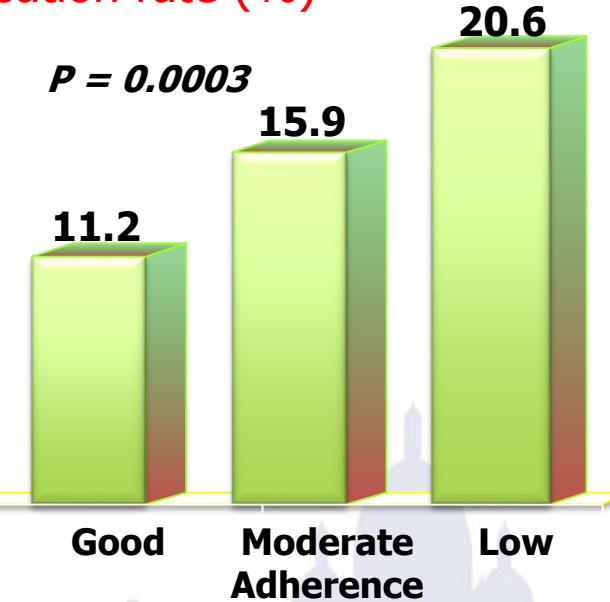


Causes of therapeutic Inertia

Drugs	Parameters	Wald χ^2	OR [95CI]	P
ACEI/ARB				
	Renal Failure	20.1	0.41 [0.28-0.61]	< 0.0001
	Age \geq 75 years old	18	0.49 [0.35-0.68]	< 0.0001
Beta-Blockers				
	Asthma / COPD	82.1	0.31 [0.24-0.40]	< 0.0001
	Age \geq 75 years old	31.3	0.54 [0.44-0.67]	< 0.0001
	NYHA III/IV	16	0.65 [0.52-0.80]	< 0.0001
	Coronary disease	8.3	1.37 [1.11-1.69]	0.004
ACEI/ARB and Beta-Blockers				
	Asthma / COPD	65.6	0.35 [0.27-0.45]	< 0.0001
	Age \geq 75 years old	45.5	0.48 [0.39-0.59]	< 0.0001
	NYHA III/IV	10.1	0.71 [0.58-0.88]	0.001
	Coronary disease	6.3	1.31 [1.06-1.61]	0.01
	Renal Failure	5.4	0.69 [0.51-0.94]	0.02
Spironolactone				
	Age \geq 75 years old	25.1	0.57 [0.46-0.71]	< 0.0001
	Renal Failure	11.9	0.54 [0.38-0.77]	0.0005
	LVEF (%)	9	0.98 [0.96-0.99]	0.003
	Coronary disease	7.3	0.75 [0.61-0.93]	0.007

ADHERENCE OF PHYSICIANS TO GUIDELINES
THE MAHLER SURVEY (N=1400)

6 month hospitalisation rate (%)

 $P = 0.0003$  $P = 0.0003$ 

CHF HOSPITALISATION

CV HOSPITALISATION

Komajda. Eur. Heart J 2005

Diurétiques pour soulager les symptômes et signes de congestion

Si FEVG < 35% malgré OMT ou antécédent de TV/FV symptomatique,
implantation d'un défibrillateur

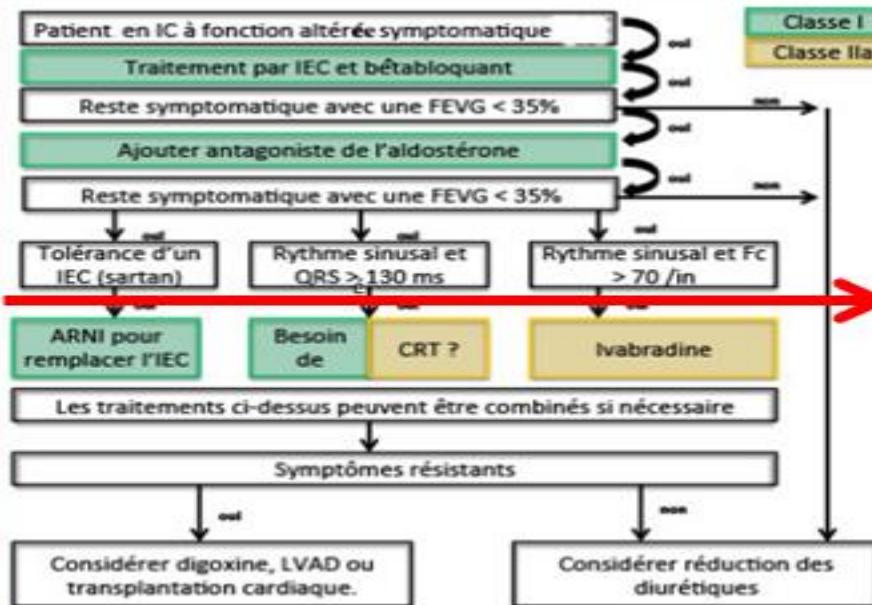
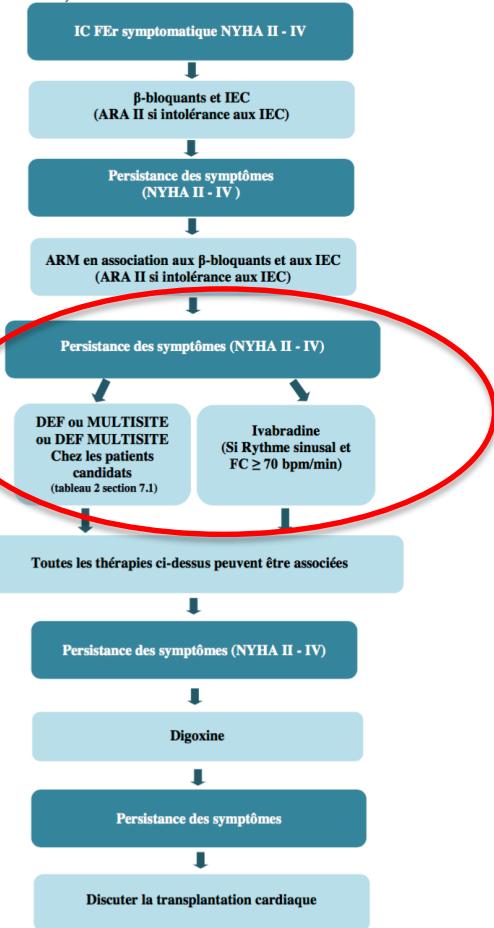


FIGURE 2 : Algorithme de traitement et conseil thérapeutique pour les insuffisants cardiaques avec FER, NYHA II - IV.





Société
Française
de Cardiologie

Thanks to investigators

29^eS

JOURN



UROPÉENNES

de la SOCIÉTÉ FRANÇAISE de CARDIOLOGIE

29th

EUROPEAN

DAYS

of the FREN



STCCCV
Société Tunisienne
de Cardiologie & de Chirurgie
Cardio-Vasculaire

of CARDIOLOGY



Investigators List

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Omar, Abid 177
Oueies, Labidi 177
Khaled, Ezzaouia 115
Haithem, Radoui 93
Sofien, Zayed 69
Marwa, Chebbi 65
Mouna, Bentati 40
Ikram, Kammoun 34
Dorra, Mbarek 27
Selma, Charfeddine 27
Amani, Farah 26
Khaled, Sayahi 26
Habib, Triki 25
Imen, Gtif 25
Fadoua, Omri 22
Fares, Azaiez 21

Akram, Zouari 19
Zine, Benali 15
Rami, Tlili 14
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Slim Malek
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Sofiène Kzaderi
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Tarek Najjar
Tarek Sallemi
Tarek Sraieb
Wacef Ayadi
Wafa Boughanmi
Wafa Fehri
Wajih Abdallah
Wajih Smati
Wassim Brahim
Wathak Zarrouk
Wejdene Wachtati
Wided Nasraoui
Wissem Sdiri
Yamen Maazoun
Yasmin Kammoun
Yassine Ellouze
Yosr Dimassi
Yosra Messoudi
Youssef Harrath
Zeynab Jebbari
Zied Bel Hadj
Zine Ben Ali
Zoubeir Warrad

Thanks to Steering committee

- Faouzi Addad
- Leila Abid
- Ikram Kammoun
- Mohamed Sami Mourali
- Wissem Sdiri
- Leila Bez dah
- Nadia Baraket
- Manel Ben Halima
- Khadija Mzoukhi
- Houssine Zargouni

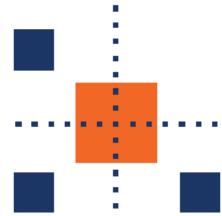




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Thanks to Operational Staff

Rabie Razgallah
Elifa Kanoun
Karima Hezbri
Sihem Guizani
Amina Radoui



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JOURN



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Conclusion

- Acceptable outcome results
- A lot of inadequacy regarding treatment
- Prescribing is not just administering drugs: setting up and optimizing
- Few implantable devices
- Register a way to evaluate and evolve



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Inclusion
1^{er} Mars
à 19 Juin 2017

915
INCLUSIONS

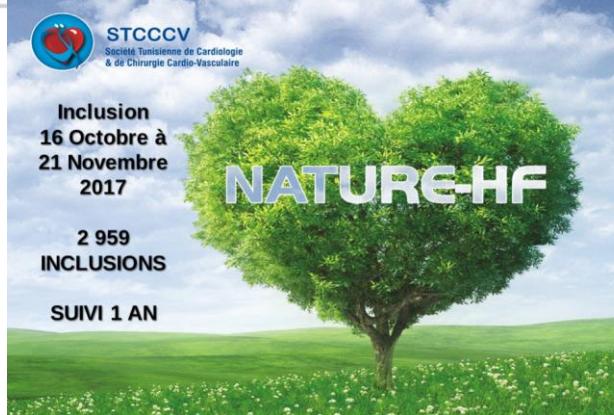
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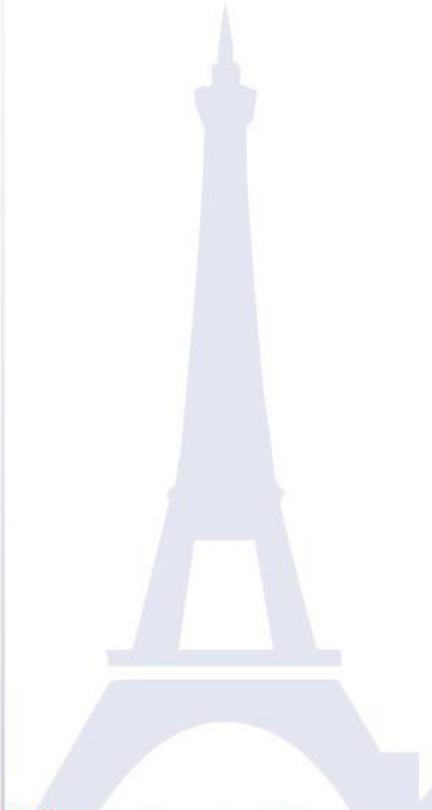


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Thank You for your attention



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